



CH. 7 CHEAT CARD — SPECIAL JOURNALS & SUBSIDIARY LEDGERS

journals **RECORD** · ledgers **SORT** — record each kind of transaction once, post only the totals

1 THE FOUR SPECIAL JOURNALS — what each records · where each posts

SALES JOURNAL

sales **ON ACCOUNT** only

→ the customer's page

CASH RECEIPTS

ALL cash coming in

→ cash · the payer's page

PURCHASES

bought **ON ACCOUNT**

→ the supplier's page

CASH PAYMENTS

ALL cash going out

→ cash · the payee's page

post the **DETAIL** daily → the subsidiary ledger · post the **TOTALS** monthly → the general ledger

2 THE GOLDEN RULE — the pages must add up to the summary

Every subsidiary ledger must TOTAL to its CONTROL account — prove it on a SCHEDULE.

The subsidiary ledger holds the **DETAIL** — a page per customer or supplier · the control account is **ONE** line in the general ledger.

The **POST. REF.** column is the audit trail — every amount traces back to the journal it came from.

3 THE GENERAL JOURNAL — whatever fits nowhere else

Returns · adjusting entries · closing entries · correcting entries.

If a transaction fits **NO** special journal, this is its home — the same form you have used all course.

EXAM TRAPS: cash sales **NEVER** enter the sales journal · a general-journal hit on a control account posts **TWICE**

scan → the printable card





WHERE DOES THIS TRANSACTION GO?

Accounting Information Systems · special journals · subsidiary ledgers · the general journal

ANY TRANSACTION

SALES JOURNAL

two amount columns

sold ON ACCOUNT

Dr A/R (control)

Cr Sales Revenue

+ Dr COGS Cr Inventory

POSTING — WHERE IT LANDS

DAILY → A/R SUBSIDIARY LEDGER

MONTHLY → GENERAL LEDGER

CASH RECEIPTS JOURNAL

multi-column

cash came IN

Dr Cash · Sales Discounts

Cr Accounts Receivable

or Sales Revenue · Other

+ Dr COGS Cr Inventory

POSTING — WHERE IT LANDS

DAILY → A/R SUBSIDIARY LEDGER

MONTHLY → GENERAL LEDGER

PURCHASES JOURNAL

multi-column

bought ON ACCOUNT

Dr Inventory

or Dr Supplies

Cr Accounts Payable

POSTING — WHERE IT LANDS

DAILY → A/P SUBSIDIARY LEDGER

MONTHLY → GENERAL LEDGER

CASH PAYMENTS JOURNAL

multi-column

cash went OUT

Dr Accounts Payable

or Dr Inventory · Expense

Cr Cash — always

POSTING — WHERE IT LANDS

DAILY → A/P SUBSIDIARY LEDGER

MONTHLY → GENERAL LEDGER

GENERAL JOURNAL

no special journal fits

fits NONE of the above

- returns
- adjusting entries
- closing entries
- correcting entries

POSTING — WHERE IT LANDS

posted DIRECTLY, entry by entry

→ GENERAL LEDGER

THE GOLDEN RULE · sum of the SUBSIDIARY ledger pages = the CONTROL account balance

A/R subsidiary = customers ledger · A/P subsidiary = creditors ledger · prove it monthly on a SCHEDULE of accounts receivable

POST. REF. TRAIL

S

sales journal

CR

cash receipts

P

purchases

CP

cash payments

✓

line → subsidiary

()

total → gen. ledger

